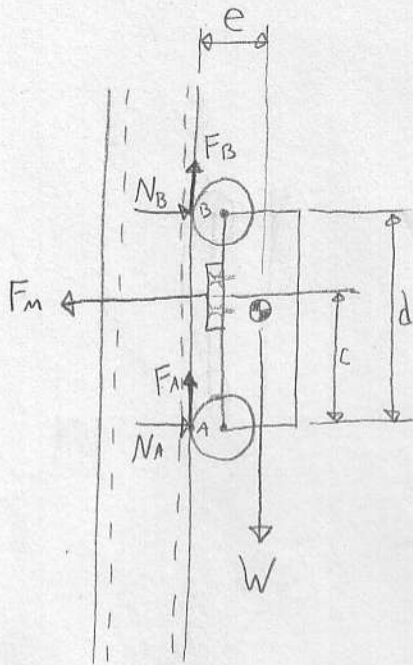




# K&J Magnetics, Inc.



$$\sum F_x = 0$$

$$0 = N_A + N_B - F_m$$

$$F_m = N_A + N_B$$

The sum of the forces in each direction is zero.

$$\sum F_y = 0$$

$$0 = F_A + F_B - W$$

$$W = F_A + F_B$$

FRICION:  $F_A = \mu N_A$        $F_B = \mu N_B$

...where  $\mu$  is the coefficient of friction.  $0 \leq \mu \leq 1$

The sum of the moments about point A is zero.

$$\sum M_A = 0 = (F_m)(c) - (N_B)(d) - (W)(e)$$

$$F_m = \frac{(N_B)(d) + (W)(e)}{c}$$

## SLIDING:

From  $\sum F_y$ :  $W = F_A + F_B$

substitute from friction eqn.

$$W = \mu N_A + \mu N_B$$

$$W = \mu(N_A + N_B)$$

substitute from  $\sum F_x$ :

$$W = \mu F_m$$

$$F_m = \frac{W}{\mu}$$

If robot weighs 5 lb, and  $\mu = 0.7$  (a guess)

$$F_m = \frac{W}{\mu} = \frac{5 \text{ lb}}{0.7} \approx 7.14 \text{ lb}$$

## ROTATING:

At the moment of failure, the top wheels are just barely touching the pole.  $N_B \rightarrow 0$ .

From  $\sum M_A$ :

$$F_m = \frac{N_B \cdot d + W \cdot e}{c}$$

$$F_m = \frac{W \cdot e}{c}$$

Solve for some values of  $e$  and  $c$ :

$$F_m = \frac{W \cdot e}{c} = \frac{(5 \text{ lb})(6'')}{4''}$$

$$F_m \approx 7.5 \text{ lb}$$